

WHAT IS PURPURA?

A rash of purple spots on the skin caused by internal bleeding from small blood vessels.

- Any of a number of diseases characterized by such a rash.

TYPES OF PURPURA

Purpura are a common and nonspecific medical sign; however, the underlying mechanism commonly involves one of:

- Platelet disorders (thrombocytopenic purpura) ...
- Vascular disorders (non thrombocytopenic purpura) ...
- Coagulation disorders. ...
- Meningococemia.

CAUSES OF PURPURA

There are two kinds of purpura: non thrombocytopenic and thrombocytopenic. Non thrombocytopenic means that you have normal platelet levels in your blood. Thrombocytopenic means that you have a lower than normal platelet count.

The following could cause non thrombocytopenic purpura:

- Disorders that affect blood clotting
- Certain congenital disorders, present at or before birth, such as telangiectasia (fragile skin and connective tissue) or ehlers-danlos syndrome
- Certain medications, including steroids and those that affect platelet function
- Weak blood vessels
- Inflammation in the blood vessels
- Scurvy, or a severe lack of vitamin c

SYMPTOMS OF PURPURA

- Easy or excessive bruising (purpura)
- Superficial bleeding into the skin that appears as a rash of pinpoint-sized reddish-purple spots (petechiae), usually on the lower legs.
- Bleeding from the gums or nose.
- Blood in urine or stools.
- Unusually heavy menstrual flow.

NEUROTHERAPY TREATMENT

First treatment (30) Medulla

NOTE:- This formula is not to be used for heart patients

Second treatment

Inflammation treatment formula

This formula is to be used for heart patients.