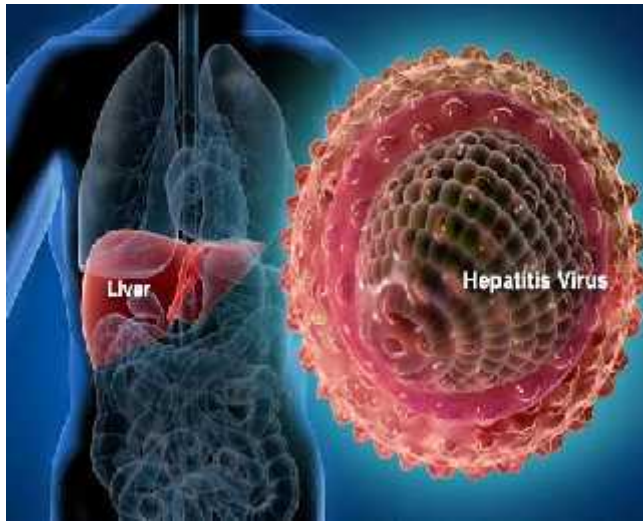


WHAT IS HEPATITIS?



Hepatitis refers to an inflammatory condition of the liver. These include autoimmune hepatitis and hepatitis that occurs as a secondary result of medications, drugs, toxins, and alcohol. Autoimmune hepatitis is a disease that occurs when your body makes antibodies against your liver tissue.

TYPES OF HEPATITIS

- Hepatitis A. Hepatitis A is caused by an infection with the hepatitis A virus (HAV).
- Hepatitis B. Hepatitis B is transmitted through contact with infectious body fluids, such as blood, vaginal secretions, or semen, containing the hepatitis B virus (HBV).
- Hepatitis C.
- Hepatitis D.
- Hepatitis E.

CAUSES OF HEPATITIS

Hepatitis refers to an inflammatory condition of the liver. It's commonly caused by a viral infection, but there are other possible causes of hepatitis. These include autoimmune hepatitis and hepatitis that occurs as a secondary result of medications, drugs, toxins, and alcohol.

SYMPTOMS OF HEPATITIS

- Fatigue.
- Flu-like symptoms.
- Dark urine.
- Pale stool.
- Abdominal pain.
- Loss of appetite.
- Unexplained weight loss.
- Yellow skin and eyes, which may be signs of jaundice.

NEUROTHERAPY TREATMENT

- (1) Gal
- (2) Liv

Give the treatment 4 to 5 times a day with an interval of 1½ hours.